

ORAL 9 [ID#11]

Counter Available Ayurvedic Drugs

Ashiah Bhalla, Savita Attri and Vivek Malik
Post Graduate Institute of Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh PGIMER, Chandigarh

INTRODUCTION: Ayurveda has been practiced in India since 500 years and is very popular among Indians. Aim was to look for potential heavy metals in ayurvedic formulations of a reputed company.

METHODOLOGY: 43 OTC available ayurvedic drug samples were collected. Details noted were name, number and type of ingredients on mentioned on the label/package insert of the drugs especially heavy metals. Out of them 42 drugs were analysed using Agilent7700ICP-MS. 10 microgram of drug was added to 2ml conc. Nitric acid, 0.5ml of H2O2 and 10ppm of gold solution. This was subjected to microwave digestion and 10ml of metal free water was added to make up to 10ml.

RESULTS: of the 43 drugs major therapeutic indications listed were rejuvenation tonics (7), aphrodisiacs (7), Anti-inflammatory mainly for arthritis (5), Digestives (4) for liver dysfunction/anti diabetics/ antipyretics/ menstrual disorders/ immune modulators(3each). 13/43 had a single ingredient, 2/43 had 2 ingredients and rest all (28/43) had 3 or more with a range between 4-30. 100% of them had to be taken twice or thrice daily doses (1/2 tab). Only 12/43 had heavy metals listed on the label. 5/12 had single metal, 3/12 had 2 metals, 4/12 had 3 metals listed. Gold , silver, zinc and mica were listed on 2 each, where as lead and mercury were listed in 3 each. On analysis only 2/42 were detected to have lead, 6/42 had arsenic but as many as 25/42 had mercury detected. In addition, Zinc, iron and copper were detected in almost all. None of these had any cadmium.

CONCLUSIONS: Potential for heavy metal toxicity of ayurvedic drugs is significant but not all the labels/package inserts have these agents listed on them. In our study mercury has emerged as a major cause of concern.